Pav-Per-View Message Format

BINARY		<u>HEXADECIMAL</u>	C <u>OMMAN</u> FUNCTI	
0001	၁၀၀၀	TO	o <del></del>	
0001	0001	11	"1"	
0001	0010	12	"2"	
0001	0011	13	"3"	
0001	0100	14	"4"	
0001	0101	15	"5"	
0001	0110	16	"6"	
0001	0111	17	"7"	
0001	1000	18	"8"	
0001	1001	19	"9"	
0001	1010	1A	ENTE	ER
0001	1011	., 1B	BUY/PU	JRCHASE
0001	1100	1C	PIN	DELIMITER
0001	1101	1D	CANC	CEL
0001	1110	1E	STO	•
0001	1111	1F	STAI	RT

## DEFINITIONS

ENTER - Key pad entry that denotes end of numeric sequence

BUY/PURCHASE - Confirms pay-per-view transaction

PIN DELIMITER - Denotes start and/or end of Personal Identification Number (PIN)

CANCEL - Cancels entry and/or total transaction

STOP - Denotes completion of transaction(s)

START - Denotes initiation of transaction(s)

## APPENDIX C

## Connector Pin-Out

	•••••		
AUDIO	:	:	
SELECT FUNCTION	: : 1	:	
	:	:	
LCC STUB	:	<del>-</del>	AUDIO INPUT
AGC TIME CONSTANT	: : 3	:	(LEFT)
CONSTANT	• • •	•	
	•	4 : :	AUDIO GROUND
SECOND	:	:	
AUDIO PROGRAM	: : 5	:	
SELECT LINE	:	:	
	:	6 : :	AUDIO INPUT
	7	:	(RIGHT)
B-Y	: 7	•	
	•	8 : :	AUDIO OUTPUT
	:	:	
VIDEO FORMAT	: : 9	:	
	:	:	
	:	10 : :	PERIPHERAL
	•	:	COMMUNICATIONS
LUMINANCE (Y)		•	
INPUT	•	12 : :	RESERVED
	•	12 : :	RESERVED
FB/CHROMA	: : 13		
GROUND		•	CHANNEL CHANGE
	:	14 : :	AND POWER
	:	:	INDICATOR
R-Y	: : 15	:	
	•		FAST BLANKING/
	:	16 : :	CHROMA INPUT
VIDEO GROUND	: : : 17	•	
ATDEC GROOND	:	•	DECODER
	:	18 : :	
	:	:	DRS
RECEIVER VIDEO	: : 19	:	
•		:	
	•	20 : :	PERIPHERAL
00707	:	:	VIDEO
SHIELD	•	:	
	•		

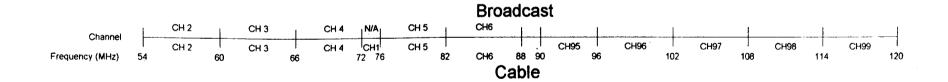


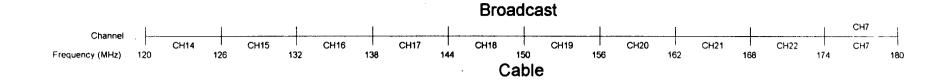
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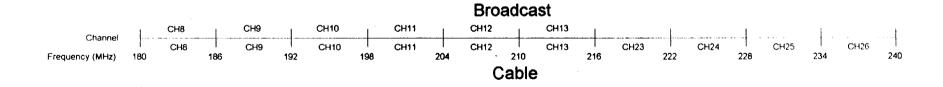
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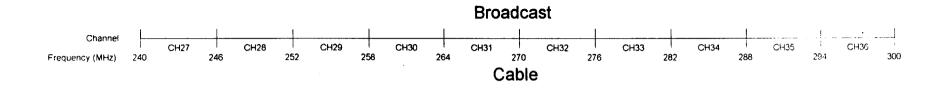
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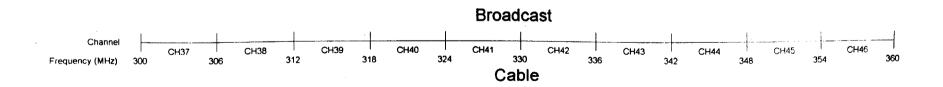
APPENDIX G: COMPARISON OF BROADCAST CHANNELS
AND CABLE CHANNELS OF EIA IS-6

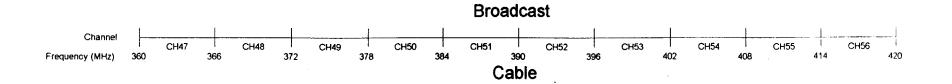


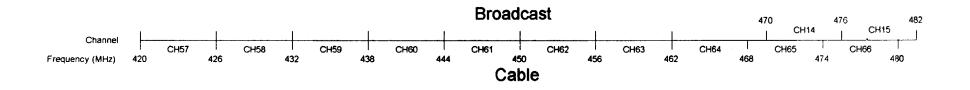


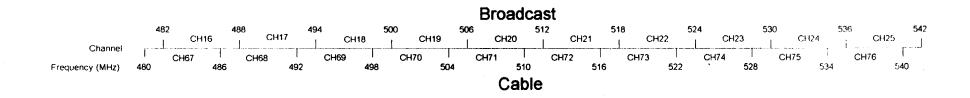


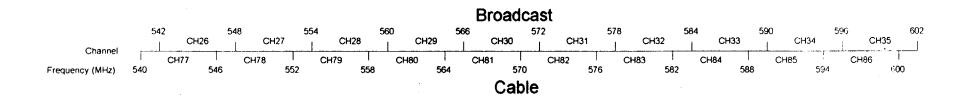


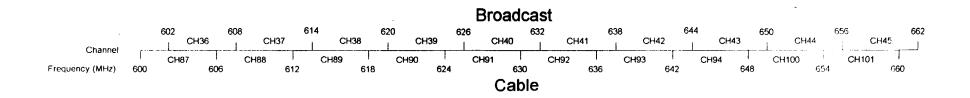


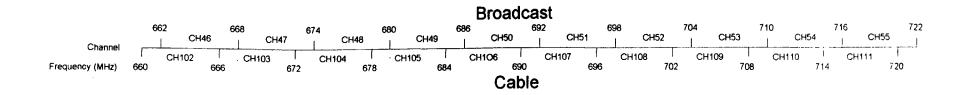


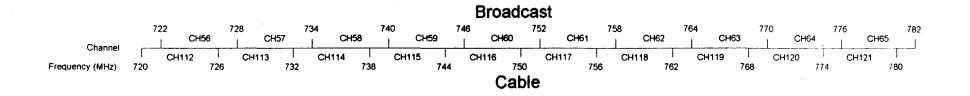


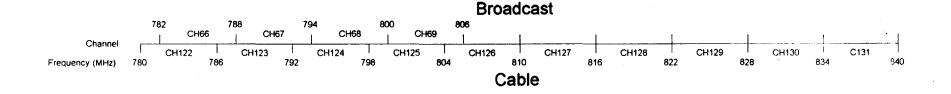


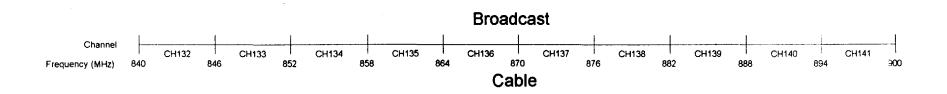


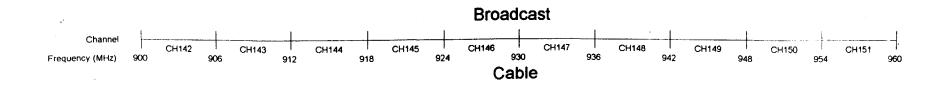


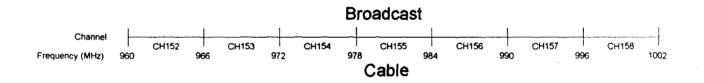












APPENDIX H: EIA/ANSI 563 STANDARD

# EIAINTERIM STANDARD

JOINT EIA/NCTA

RECOMMENDED CABLE TELEVISION

CHANNEL IDENTIFICATION PLAN

IS-6 (CP)

(Consumer Products)

MAY 1983



Engineering Department

ELECTRONIC INDUSTRIES ASSOCIATION

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Interim Standard No. 6 Cable Television Channel Identification Plan

#### Dissenting Statement

Zenith continues to view it as unwise to provide CATV television channel designations within the FM band (88 - 108 mHz) in the Channelization Plan, even with the cautions of paragraph 2.6 to CATV operators.

The simple fact of the existence of these channels with numbers in the prime numbering sequence 0-99 remains an open invitation to operators to use them for program delivery to the home. Such use would be a direct incompatibility with many manufacturers' stated need and intent to continue the use of FM traps in the CATV compatible television receivers which the standard is intended to foster.

We believe it is in the best interest of both the cable operator and the manufacturer to foreclose this circumstance and we urge that the matter be reviewed as part of the interim standard evaluation process.

The Channelization Plan is intended to provide the basis for future compatibility between CATV systems and television receivers in delivery of consumer-directed television programming. It will not retrofit existing systems and does not pretend to be a comprehensive allocation of the Cable Spectrum. There is no compulsion to include 88-108 mHz when one states, as does the plan, that this band should not be used to serve the consumer. Further, if the channels in the FM band are not intended for consumer service, it is inappropriate and misleading to include these channels in the channel capacity statement to the consumer, paragraph 2.7.

INTERIM STANDARD NO. 6 -- RECOMMENDED CABLE TELEVISION IDENTIFICATION PLAN

#### DISSENTING STATEMENT

GENERAL ELECTRIC IS CONMITTED TO PRODUCING AND DISTRIBUTING TELEVISION AND VIDEO PRODUCTS WHICH PROVIDE CUSTOMER SATISFACTION UNDER A WIDE VARIETY OF OPERATING CONDITIONS. CONSEQUENTLY, FM REJECTION TRAPS ARE INCORPORTED INTO MOST PRODUCTS AS AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE TUNER.

ACCORDINGLY, WE PETITION THAT THE FOLLOWING BE CONSIDERED DURING THE REVIEW PROCESS WHICH WILL PRECED THE ISSUANCE OF THE PERMANENT STANDARD:

- A) SECTION 2.6 (CHANNEL PRIORITY): EXPAND THE EXCLUDED CATV USAGE FOR THE BROADCAST FH SPECTRUM (SEE SUBPART 3) TO INCLUDE ALL TRANSHITTED MATERIAL WHICH WOULD CUSTOMARILY INVOLVE THE SUBSCRIBER'S TELEVISION RECEIVER, OR EQUIVALENT, E.G., FULL-FIELD TELETEXT.
- B) SECTION 2.7 (CHANNEL CAPACITY): EXCLUDE THOSE CHANNELS WHICH FALL WITHIN THE BROADCAST FM BAND FROM THE CHANNEL COUNT NUMBER "N". THIS CHANGE IS LOGICALLY CONSISTANT WITH THE INTENT OF SECTION 2.6 (CHANNEL PRIORITY), SUBPART 3. THE INVOLVED, AND EXCLUDED CHANNELS, ARE NUMBERED 95 97 IN THE STANDARD.

F.R. STACHONIAK 4-26-83 GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

## EIA INTERIM STANDARD No. 6

RECOMMENDED CABLE TELEVISION
CHANNEL IDENTIFICATION PLAN

Prepared by:

EIA/NCTA Joint Engineering Committee Channelization Working Group

# EIA INTERIM STANDARD No. 6

# RECOMMENDED CABLE TELEVISION CHANNEL IDENTIFICATION PLAN

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Parac	raph		Page	
1.0	INTRODUCTION			
2.0	CHAN	NNEL IDENTIFICATION PLAN	3	
	2.1	Definitions of Terms - General		
		<ul><li>2.1.1 Standard Frequencies</li><li>2.1.2 Harmonic Related Carriers</li><li>2.1.3 Incremental Related Carriers</li></ul>	3 3 4	
	2.2	Numbering	4	
	2.3	Frequency Assignments	4	
	2.4	Frequency Tolerances	5	
	2.5	Minimum Number of Channels	5	
	2.6	Channel Priority	5	
	2.7	Channel Capacity		
Table	1:	CHANNEL IDENTIFICATION PLAN (By Channel Designation)	8	
Table	2:	CHANNEL IDENTIFICATION PLAN (By Frequency Assignments)	10	

EIA INTERIM STANDARD NO. 6 (CP)

RECOMMENDED CABLE TELEVISION
CHANNEL IDENTIFICATION PLAN

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

In January of 1982 the Electronic Industries Association (EIA) and the National Cable Television Association (NCTA) formed a Joint Engineering Committee to make an assessment of the problems related to the compatibility of cable hardware and television receivers, with emphasis on the technical and operational issues at stake. The charter of the committee is "To establish and maintain dialogue between the cable and consumer electronics industries for the purpose of studying and resolving engineering matters of common interest."

The main concern of the EIA/NCTA Joint Engineering Committee is communications, cooperation and, where necessary, the generation of guidelines to steer development of cable television services and consumer equipment into the future, in a way which will facilitate adaptation to new services and techniques.

It is important to recognize that there is no disagreement on the need to achieve certain minimum levels of compatibility. Both the system operator and receiver manufacturers are interested in satisfying their customer needs. The problem lies in determining those needs and then ensuring that most of them are met without undue disruption to the needs of others. Orderly development by both parties requires compatibility between the television receiver and the cable systems, which can be achieved through the EIA/NCTA Joint Engineering Committee's efforts in defining interfaces.

## 2.0 CHANNEL IDENTIFICATION PLAN

#### 2.1 Definitions of Terms - General

Note: Within the scope of this Plan, the following definitions shall apply.

### 2.1.1 Standard Frequencies

This is a cable transmission system that transmits on the standard off-air frequencies for the channels 2-6 and 7-13. Supplemental channels are in 6 MHz increments down from channel 7 (175.25 MHz) to 91.25 MHz (channels 14-22 and 95-99) and upwards from channel 13 (211.25 MHz).

#### 2.1.2 Harmonic Related Carriers

This is a cable transmission system that transmits on picture carrier frequencies that are multiples of 6MHz and starts at 54 MHz. It involves frequency displacements of -1.25 MHz on all standard and supplementary channels except channels 5 and 6, where the displacement is +0.75 MHz.

#### 2.1.3 Incremental Related Carriers

This is a cable transmission system that transmits on picture carrier frequencies starting at 55.25 MHz and increments each channel by 6 MHz. The result is the same as Standard Frequencies with the exception of the channels between 67.25 MHz and 91.25 MHz.

#### 2.2 Numbering

The numbers 1 through 99 designate the channels on a CATV cable, and the channel selected. The single digit channel numbers may be designated by a preceeding zero if desired (i.e., 7 or 07). The manner by which multiple cables are accommodated is undefined by this Plan.

#### 2.3 Frequency Assignments

This Plan defines Standard, IRC and HRC channels as depicted in Table 1 and Table 2.

## 2.4 Frequency Tolerances

The maximum allowable frequency offset for any channel shall be  $\pm$  300 kHz of the nominal frequency. Furthermore, the spacing between adjacent picture carriers shall be 6  $\pm$  .125 MHz.

## 2.5 Minimum Number of Channels

The minimum number of channels, for compliance with this Plan shall be 35 (channel numbers 2-36).

## 2.6 Channel Priority

- \* Channel 1 shall be implemented after channels 2-53.
- \* Once the channels 1-65 are implemented, channels 98-99 must be implemented. Inclusion of channels 98-99 in devices with fewer than the above 65 channels is optional. Channels 98-99 will be implemented jointly.
- \* Cable channels 95-97 having HRC picture carrier frequencies of 90.0, 96.0 and 102.0 MHz and IRC and

standard picture carrier frequencies of 91.25, 97.25 and 103.25 MHz are being named in this plan to complete the available spectrum. Compliance with this Channel Identification Plan does not require that these channels be included. Therefore, utilization of these channels by a cable system is on a voluntary basis and recommended signal carriage is for services other than those involving transmission of a picture (standard or scrambled) to a customer. Many television receivers currently on the market and compatible units to be produced in the near future contain traps to attenuate the FM band, thereby greatly reducing a source of crossmodulation and intermodulation interference to TV. Inclusion of these traps inhibits the reception of these channels.

### 2.7 Channel Capacity

In compliance with this Plan, the number of cable channels capable of being received shall be indicated as N(C) where N indicates the total number of channels, and C indicates the channel numbers.

Examples: 52(2-51,98,99)

52(2-53)

55(1-55)

75(1-73,98,99)

Table 1
CHANNEL IDENTIFICATION PLAN

(By Channel Designation)

Historical Channel Designation Pix Carrier Frequency (MHz) Reference HRC Std. IRC 1,01 72.00 73.25 4+,A-82,02 55.25 54.00 55.25 3,03 61.25 60.00 61.25 67.25 4,04 67.25 66.00 5,05 77.25 78.00 79.25 A-7(HRC, IRC) 6,06 83.25 84.00 85.25 A-5(HRC, IRC) 7,07 175.25 174.00 175.25 211.25 210.00 13 211.25 14 121.25 120.00 121.25 169.25 22 168.00 169.25 23 217.25 216.00 217.25 30 259.25 258.00 259.25 319.25 40 318.00 319.25 50 379.25 378.00 379.25 60 439.25 438.00 439.25 XX 70 499.25 498.00 499.25

<sup>\*</sup> Undesignated

Table 1 (Cont)

# CHANNEL IDENTIFICATION PLAN

(By Channel Designation)

Channel Designation	Pix Carr	ier Frequenc	ey (MHz)	Historical Reference
	Std.	HRC	IRC	
80	559.25	558.00	559.25	
•	•	•	•	
•	•	•	•	
90	619.25	618.00	619.25	
•	•	•	•	
•	•	•	•	
94	643.25	642.00	643.25	
95	91.25	90.00	91.25	A-5
96	97.25	96.00	97.25	A-4
97	103.25	102.00	103.25	A-3
98	109.25	108.00	109.25	A-2
99	115.25	114.00	115.25	A-1

Table 2
CHANNEL IDENTIFICATION PLAN

(By Frequency Assignments)

Pix Carrier Frequency (MHz)			Channel Designation	Historical <u>Reference</u>	
std.	HRC	IRC			
55.25	54.00	55.25	2		
61.25	60.00	61.25	3		
67.25	66.00	67.25	4		
*	72.00	73.25	1 -	4+,A-8	
77.25	78.00	79.25	5	A-7(HRC, IRC)	
83.25	84.00	85.25	6?	A-6(HRC, IRC)	
91.25	90.00	91.25	95	A-5	
97.25	96.00	97.25	96	A-4	
103.25	102.00	103.25	9 <b>7</b>	A-3	
109.25	108.00	109.25	98	A-2	
115.25	114.00	115.25	99	A-1	
121.25	120.00	121.25	14	· A	
•	•	•	•	•	
•		•	•	· •	
•	4●	•	•	•	
169.25	168.00	169.25	22	I	
175.25	174.00	175.25	7		
•	•	•	•	•	
•	•	•	•	•	
	•	•	•	•	
211.25	210.00	211.25	13		
217.25	216.00	217.25	23	J	
•	•	•	•	•	
•	•	•	•	•	
295.25	294.00	295.25	•	•	
495.45	254.00	293.43	36	W	
•	•	•	•	•	
•	•	•	•	•	
325.25	324.00	325.25	41	•	
343.43	324.00	323.23	41	EE	
•	•	•	•	•	
•	•	•	•	•	
397.25	396.00	397.25	53	•	
3723	370.00		<b>33</b>	QQ	
•	•	•	•	•	
•	•	•	•	•	
-	-	-	•	•	

<sup>\*</sup>Undesignated